

Dr Jekyll And Mr Hyde Film 1941 Wikipedia

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Ingrid Charlotte Chandler
2012-12-11 Ingrid Bergman was one of the biggest and most glamorous stars in Hollywood. She had starred in several now-classic films:

Casablanca, Spellbound, Notorious, Gaslight; and her co-stars included such icons as Humphrey Bogart, Cary Grant and Gregory Peck. Already a movie star in her native Sweden, Ingrid

Bergman became an instant sensation in Hollywood and the number one box-office star in the world. But the most dramatic event in her life took place off the screen when she made a film in Italy and began a passionate affair with her director, Roberto Rossellini. The scandal that followed left her exiled from America, ostracized from Hollywood, vilified by the press and separated from her young daughter. In the words of those who were involved, Chandler describes Bergman's life before, during and after the scandal. Among those Chandler spoke with were Alfred Hitchcock, George Cukor, Cary Grant and Greta Garbo. She also spoke with Roberto Rossellini, their twin daughters, Isabella and Isotta Ingrid, Rossellini's son Renzo, Ingrid's daughter Pia Lindstrom and others who knew Ingrid well. This extraordinary access makes

INGRID: A PERSONAL

BIOGRAPHY the most perceptive and revealing book ever written about the charismatic Hollywood legend.

The Encyclopedia of Film

James Monaco 1991 A collection for laypersons and experts alike, this authoritative work includes biographies of the stars, producers, directors, writers, technical information, and more

Every Breath You Take Orit Kamir 2001 Examines male and female stalkers in history, literature, and film, and their relationship to contemporary legislation

Classic Horror Films and the Literature That

Inspired Them Ron Backer 2015-05-07 Classic horror films such as Dracula, Frankenstein and The Picture of Dorian Gray are based on famous novels. Less well known--even to avid horror fans--are the many other memorable films based on literary works. Beginning in the silent era and continuing to

the present, numerous horror films found their inspiration in novels, novellas, short stories and poems, though many of these written works are long forgotten. This book examines 43 works of literature--from the famous to the obscure--that provided the basis for 62 horror films. Both the written works and the films are analyzed critically, with an emphasis on the symbiosis between the two. Background on the authors and their writings is provided.

Horror and Mystery Photoplay Editions and Magazine Fictionizations

Thomas Mann 2004-02-27
Photoplay editions were usually hardcover reprints of novels that had been made into movies, illustrated with photographs from the film productions. Sometimes they were "fictionized" versions of film scripts, recast in narrative form. Here is an annotated checklist of over 500 horror

and mystery photoplay novels and magazine fictionizations, collected over a period of four decades. In an introductory essay the author reflects on the attractions of assembling such a collection, analyzes the social significance and aesthetic content of its books, and draws many surprising inferences from their advertisement, illustrations, and marks of previous ownership. The subsequent catalog is the first survey in the field to extend bibliographical coverage beyond books to movie tie-in magazine stories.

Hollywood Cauldron
Gregory William Mank
2010-06-21 Thirteen of Hollywood's horror classics in detail: Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde (1931), The Old Dark House(1932), The Mask of Fu Manchu (1932), Mark of the Vampire (1935), Mad Love (1935), The Black Room (1935), The Walking Dead (1936), Cat People

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(1942), *Bluebeard* (1944), *The Lodger* (1944), *The Picture of Dorian Gray* (1945), *Hangover Square* (1945) and *Bedlam* (1946). From original interviews and research, the styles of the various studios (from giant M-G-M to Poverty Row's PRC), along with the performers, directors, and backstage events, are examined.

Gaslight Melodrama Guy Barefoot 2016-10-06 In 1945, a year when American crime films were apparently moving out on to the streets of contemporary Los Angeles and New York, one reviewer noted the emergence of a 'cycle of mystery and horror pictures placed in the gaslight era of the turn of the century.' For another critic, it seemed that for Hollywood there was 'no world of today save the world of London by gaslight'. In *Gaslight Melodrama*, Guy Barefoot examines the films that gave rise to such comments, and the pattern of discourse

that gave rise to such films. The book's main focus is provided by 1940s Hollywood melodramas such as *Gaslight*, *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* and *Hangover Square*. It also discusses a related cycle of British films that located murder and melodrama in Victorian or Edwardian settings, and then looks beyond cinema to the Gothic novels of the 18th century, 19th century discussions of gas lighting in street, home and theatre, and ambivalent 20th century responses to the Victorian era. Combining close analysis of particular film texts with attention to cinema's cultural context, *Gaslight Melodrama* provides an exploration of the ways in which the past has been the site of contested meaning, and an examination of the network of melodramatic narratives embedded within familiar and lesser-known examples of classical Hollywood cinema.

Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

Robert Louis Stevenson
2021-08-24 Robert Louis Stevenson explores the very nature of man in this classic horror novel. "Why did you wake me? I was dreaming a fine bogey tale." Robert Louis Stevenson's masterpiece of the duality in man's nature sprang from the darkest recesses of his own unconscious--during a nightmare from which his wife awakened him, alerted by his screams. More than a hundred years later, this tale of the mild-mannered Dr. Jekyll and the drug that unleashes his evil, inner persona--the loathsome, twisted Mr. Hyde--has lost none of its ability to shock. Its realistic narrative chillingly relates Jekyll's desperation as Hyde gains control of his soul--and gives voice to our own fears of the violence and evil within us. Written before Freud's naming of the ego and the id, Stevenson's enduring classic demonstrates a remarkable understanding of the

personality's inner conflicts--and remains the irresistibly terrifying stuff of our worst nightmares. Includes the Famous Cornell Lecture on Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde by Vladimir Nabokov With an Introduction by Kelly Hurley and an Afterword by Dan Chaon

Jekyll and Hyde Adapted

Brian A. Rose 1996 A compelling investigation of the performed adaptations of Stevenson's masterpiece, *The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde*, which highlights the importance of adaptations as a unique mode of social expression.

Merchants of Menace

Richard Nowell 2014-04-10 Anglophone horror films are typically approached as the inevitable by-products of psychological and social demons haunting filmmakers and their homelands - in short, as if they were 'our collective nightmares'. These 'reflectionist' approaches have led horror films routinely and reductively to

be framed as mouthpieces for misogynistic sadists lurking in the shadows of the exploitation sector, as defiant expressions of resistance enacted by noble progressives, or as platforms for the politically reactionary evils of the biggest, scariest monster of all: Hollywood. The industry logic, strategies, and practices that heavily determine horror film content, the nature of horror film production, promotion, and dissemination, as well as the responses to these activities, have therefore been either side-stepped completely or reduced unhelpfully to the profit-making motives underwriting all capitalist endeavours. Consequently, even though horror has been a key component of media output for almost a century, the genre's industrial character remains under explored and poorly understood." (EDITOR).

Lost Souls of Horror and the

Gothic Elizabeth McCarthy
2016-10-14 In recent years horror and gothic themes have penetrated mainstream popular culture in a manner unseen since the horror boom of the 1970s. Primetime television viewers who before might not have shown interest in such late-night fare now happily settle down after dinner to watch zombie or serial killer shows. This collection of 54 biographical essays examines many overlooked and underrated figures who have played a role in the ever expanding world of horror and gothic entertainment. The contributors push the boundaries of how we define these terms, bringing into the discussion such diverse figures as singer-songwriter Tom Waits, occultist Dion Fortune, author Charles Beaumont, historian and bishop Gregory of Tours and video game designer Shinji Mikami.

Afi American Film Institute

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1999 A descriptive listing of the films produced during this decade is presented together with credit and subject indices

Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde

(1941) John Lee Mahin 2004 *The ... Film Daily Year Book of Motion Pictures* 1943

Thinking about Movies

Peter Lehman 2018-10-30 A complete introduction to analyzing and enjoying a wide variety of movies, for film students and movie lovers alike *Thinking About Movies: Watching, Questioning, Enjoying, Fourth Edition* is a thorough overview of movie analysis designed to enlighten both students and enthusiasts, and heighten their enjoyment of films. Readers will delve into the process of thinking about movies critically and analytically, and find how doing so can greatly enhance the pleasure of watching movies. Divided roughly into two parts, the book addresses film studies within the context of the

dynamics of cinema, before moving on to a broader analysis of the relationship of films to the larger social, cultural, and industrial issues informing them. This updated fourth edition includes an entirely new section devoted to a complete analysis of the film adaptation of *The Girl with the Dragon Tattoo*, along with many in-depth discussions of important films such as *Citizen Kane* and *Silence of the Lambs*. The chapter on television integrates a major expansion distinguishing between television in the digital era of the convergence of the entertainment and technology industries in comparison to the era of broadcast analogue television. The final chapter places film within the current context of digital culture, globalization, and the powerful rise of China in film production and exhibition. The authors clearly present various

methodologies for analyzing movies and illustrate them with detailed examples and images from a wide range of films from cult classics to big-budget, award-winning movies. This helps viewers see new things in movies and also better understand and explain why they like some better than others. Thinking About Movies: Watching, Questioning, Enjoying, Fourth Edition is ideal for film students immersed in the study of this important, contemporary medium and art form as well as students and readers who have never taken a class on cinema before.

The Turn to Gruesomeness in American Horror Films, 1931-1936 Jon Towlson 2016-09-13 Critics have traditionally characterized classic horror by its use of shadow and suggestion. Yet the graphic nature of early 1930s films only came to light in the home video/DVD era. Along with gangster movies and "sex pictures,"

horror films drew audiences during the Great Depression with sensational content. Exploiting a loophole in the Hays Code, which made no provision for on-screen "gruesomeness," studios produced remarkably explicit films that were recut when the Code was more rigidly enforced from 1934. This led to a modern misperception that classic horror was intended to be safe and reassuring to audiences. The author examines the 1931 to 1936 "happy ending" horror in relation to industry practices and censorship. Early works like *Murders in the Rue Morgue* (1932) and *The Raven* (1935) may be more akin to *The Texas Chain Saw Massacre* (1974) and *Hostel* (2005) than many critics believe.

Horror Films FAQ John Kenneth Muir 2013-08-01
HORROR FILMS FAQ: ALL THAT'S LEFT TO KNOW ABOUT SLASHERS VAMPIRES ZOMBIES ALIENS AND

Screams of Reason David J. Skal 1998 Traces the history of the mad scientist character in novels, films, and popular culture, and describes how this figure reflects anxieties about scientific and technological change

The Greenwood Encyclopedia of Science Fiction and Fantasy Gary Westfahl 2005 A comprehensive three-volume reference work offers six hundred entries, with the first two volumes covering themes and the third volume exploring two hundred classic works in literature, television, and film.

New Interchange Workbook 2B Jack C. Richards 1998-01-15 New Interchange is a multi-level series for adult and young-adult learners of English from the beginning to the high-intermediate level. Workbook B has six-page units that follow the same sequence the Student's Book B. Workbook B

contains units 9-16, the second half of the complete Workbook. It has interesting grammar, vocabulary, and writing activities, appropriate for classwork or homework. It also has numerous reading passages that recycle and review language from previous units.

The Literary Monster on Film Abigail Burnham Bloom 2014-01-10 Many monsters in Victorian British novels were intimately connected with the protagonists, and representative of both the personal failings of a character and the failings of the society in which he or she lived. By contrast, more recent film adaptations of these novels depict the creatures as arbitrarily engaging in senseless violence, and suggest a modern fear of the uncontrollable. This work analyzes the dichotomy through examinations of Shelley's *Frankenstein*, Stoker's *Dracula*, H. Rider

Haggard's She, Stevenson's Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde and Wells's The Island of Dr. Moreau, and consideration of the 20th century film adaptations of the works.

Sherlock Holmes & the Fabulous Faces - The Universal Pictures Repertory Company

Michael A. Hoey 2011-08-31
Film historian Leonard Maltin has defined the character actors who appeared in films of the 30s and 40s as "Hollywood's Real Stars." Roy William Neill, who directed nearly all of the Sherlock Holmes mystery-adventures of the 1940s that starred Basil Rathbone and Nigel Bruce, had, as was the case with directors John Ford and Preston Sturges, a repertory company of character actors and actresses whom he liked to use. This book is a tribute to those 68 men and women whose names appeared in small print below the stars, and who graced hundreds of films

with their diversified performances. More often than not these films, be they star-studded spectacles or poverty row quickies, would be that much the better for their presence. "Michael A Hoey, whose father Dennis was the unforgettable Lestrade to Rathbone's Holmes, takes a different and equally interesting approach in Sherlock Holmes & the Fabulous Faces: The Universal Pictures Repertory Company. His personal acquaintance with many of the artistes who contributed to these and other Universal productions gives his biographical sketches an unusually engaging immediacy. It's fascinating to follow the careers of actors such as Reginald Denny, Mary Gordon, Olaf Hytten and Frederick Worlock. The critical summaries of the films themselves are perceptive, pertinent and equally engrossing. Michael Hoey has given us a book that's

both important and entertaining." - Newsletter of the Sherlock Holmes Society of London "How fitting that the son of Dennis Hoey, who portrayed Inspector Lestrade in the twelve Universal Sherlock Holmes films of the 1940s, should write a book paying tribute to the character actors and supporting players who comprised the series (and studio's) informal repertory company. This is a most welcome volume." - Leonard Maltin

The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde Robert Louis Stevenson 2021-01-22
The Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde is Robert Louis Stevenson's thriller allegory of a medical experiment gone wrong and dual personalities, one the essence of good, the other the essence of evil, fighting for supremacy in one man. Filled with suspense the book has had such an impact in popular culture that the expression "Jekyll

and Hyde" has itself become synonymous with extremes of or inconsistent behavior.

The Spencer Tracy Handbook - Everything You Need to Know about Spencer Tracy Emily Smith

2011 Spencer Bonaventure Tracy (April 5, 1900 - June 10, 1967) was an American theatrical and film actor, who appeared in 74 films from 1930 to 1967. In 1999, the American Film Institute ranked Tracy ninth among the Greatest Male Stars of All Time. He was nominated for nine Academy Awards for Best Actor in all, winning two. While in college, Tracy decided on acting as a career. He studied acting in New York and appeared in a number of Broadway plays, finally achieving success in the 1930 hit *The Last Mile*. Director John Ford was impressed by his performance and cast him in *Up the River* with Humphrey Bogart. Fox Film Corporation signed him to a long term contract, but

after five years of mostly undistinguished films, he joined the most prestigious movie studio of the time, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, where his career flourished. He won back-to-back Academy Awards for Captains Courageous (1937) and Boys Town (1938). In 1942, he co-starred with Katharine Hepburn in Woman of the Year. The teaming lasted for decades, both on-screen and off. They fell in love and maintained an affair that lasted for decades. (Tracy was already married and, as a Catholic, would not consider divorce.) One of the greatest of cinematic couples, they made eight more films together, ending in 1967's Guess Who's Coming to Dinner, which was completed shortly before his death. This book is your ultimate resource for Spencer Tracy. Here you will find the most up-to-date information, photos, and much more. In easy to read chapters, with extensive

references and links to get you to know all there is to know about his Early life, Career and Personal life right away: Up the River, Quick Millions, Goldie (1931 film), Young America (1932 film), Me and My Gal, 20,000 Years in Sing Sing, Shanghai Madness, The Power and the Glory (film), Man's Castle, The Show-Off, Looking for Trouble, Bottoms Up (1934 film), Now I'll Tell, Marie Galante (film), The Murder Man, Dante's Inferno (1935 film), Riffraff (1936 film), Fury (film), San Francisco (film), Libeled Lady, Captains Courageous (1937 film), Big City (1937 film), Mannequin (1937 film), Test Pilot (film), Boys Town (film), Stanley and Livingstone, I Take This Woman (1940 film), Young Tom Edison, Northwest Passage (film), Edison, the Man, Boom Town (film), Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde (1941 film), Woman of the Year, Tortilla Flat (film), Keeper of the Flame (film), A Guy Named Joe, The Seventh

Cross (film), Thirty Seconds Over Tokyo, Without Love, The Sea of Grass (film), Cass Timberlane, State of the Union (film), Edward, My Son, Adam's Rib, Malaya (film), Father of the Bride (1950 film), Father's Little Dividend, The People Against O'Hara, Pat and Mike, Plymouth Adventure, The Actress, Broken Lance, Bad Day at Black Rock, The Mountain (1956 film), Desk Set, The Old Man and the Sea (1958 film), The Last Hurrah (1958 film), Inherit the Wind (1960 film), The Devil at 4 O'Clock, Judgment at Nuremberg, How the West Was Won (film), It's a Mad, Mad, Mad, Mad World, Guess Who's Coming to Dinner

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Wikimedia Foundation to support their mission.

**The New York Times
Encyclopedia of Film:
1941-1946** 1984

Lana Turner S. Connery
2022-03-04 Lana Turner, born Julia Jean Turner on February 8th, 1921, at Providence Hospital, in Wallace, Idaho, U.S., was an actress who worked in the movies, TV, theatre and radio. Over the course of her nearly 50-year career, Turner became famous as both a pin-up model and a dramatic actress, as well as for her highly publicized personal life. During the mid-'40s, she was one of the highest-paid women in the US, and one of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's (MGM) biggest stars, with her films making the studio over \$50 million during her 18-year contract with them. Lana is often cited as an icon of Hollywood glamour in popular culture. The daughter of working-class parents in northern Idaho, Turner spent her early life

there before her family moved to San Francisco. Julia was 15 years old when she was discovered while buying a soft drink at the Top Hat Malt Shop in Hollywood. At the age of 16, she was signed to a personal contract by Warner Bros. director Mervyn LeRoy, who took her with him when he moved to MGM in 1938. Turner attracted attention when playing the role of a murder victim in her first film, LeRoy's *They Won't Forget* (1937), later being cast in featured roles, often appearing as an ingénue. Lana established herself as a leading actress and one of MGM's top performers during the early '40s, appearing in pictures including the film noir *Johnny Eager* (1941); the musical *Ziegfeld Girl* (1941); the horror movie *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* (1941) then the romantic war drama *Somewhere I'll Find You* (1942), one of several pictures in which she

starred opposite Clark Gable. Turner's reputation as a glamorous femme fatale was enhanced by her critically praised performance in the film noir *The Postman Always Rings Twice* (1946), which established her as a serious dramatic actress. Her popularity was maintained in the '50s in dramas including *The Bad and the Beautiful* (1952) and *Peyton Place* (1957), Lana being nominated for an Academy Award for Best Actress for the latter. Media controversy surrounded Turner during 1958, when her 14-year-old daughter Cheryl Crane stabbed Lana's lover Johnny Stompanato to death in their home during a domestic struggle. Turner's next movie, *Imitation of Life* (1959), was one of the biggest box office hits of her career, with her final starring role in *Madame X* (1966) leading to her receiving a David di Donatello Award for Best

Foreign Actress.

A Companion to the Victorian Novel Patrick Brantlinger 2008-04-15 The Companion to the Victorian Novel provides contextual and critical information about the entire range of British fiction published between 1837 and 1901. Provides contextual and critical information about the entire range of British fiction published during the Victorian period. Explains issues such as Victorian religions, class structure, and Darwinism to those who are unfamiliar with them. Comprises original, accessible chapters written by renowned and emerging scholars in the field of Victorian studies. Ideal for students and researchers seeking up-to-the-minute coverage of contexts and trends, or as a starting point for a survey course.

Children of the Night

Randy Loren Rasmussen 1998 There are six of them: heroines, heroes, wise elders, mad scientists,

servants and monsters. One of the most fascinating and also endearing aspects of horror films is how they use these six clearly defined character types to portray good and evil. This was particularly true of the classics of the genre, where actors often appeared in the same type of role in many different films. The development of the archetypal characters reflected the way the genre reacted to social changes of the time. As the Great Depression yielded to the uncertainty of World War II, flawed but noble mad scientists such as Henry Frankenstein gave way to Dr. Nieman (The Ghost of Frankenstein) with his dreams of revenge and world conquest. This work details the development of the six archetypes in horror films and how they were portrayed in the many classics of the 1930s and 1940s.

Film Analysis in English

Hurtrez Lionel 2013-11-05

Cet ouvrage apporte aux lecteurs les outils leur permettant de mener à bien l'exercice d'analyse de séquences en anglais. Il offre à la fois une méthodologie, le vocabulaire approprié, un bagage culturel ainsi qu'une série d'exemples concrets en anglais. Il se propose d'être un outil sur lequel peut s'appuyer l'enseignant, mais il se veut également assez complet pour pouvoir être utilisé en autonomie. Il s'appuie sur les recherches récentes en études cinématographiques, qu'elles soient en langue anglaise ou française, et permet ainsi de faire le pont entre les différentes approches, sans pour autant multiplier les références aux débats trop précis qui obscurcirait le propos. Néanmoins, des références parcourent le texte afin de donner au lecteur la possibilité d'approfondir son travail sur tel ou tel aspect du cinéma. Les exemples d'analyses portent sur des

extraits de films classiques et offrent un panorama le plus juste possible du cinéma anglo-saxon. L'ensemble des exemples étant divisé en plusieurs parties historiques, elles-mêmes introduites par une présentation de la période couverte, l'ouvrage donne au lecteur un bagage culturel suffisant pour réussir cette épreuve. Il permet aux étudiants préparant le CAPES ou l'Agrégation d'anglais de se mettre à niveau pour l'analyse de films dans le cadre des concours. Il offre aux enseignants et aux candidats des pistes pédagogiques et des activités de classe pour exploiter les extraits de films.

The Essential Films of Ingrid Bergman Constantine Santos 2018-09-15 This book examines each of Ingrid Bergman's most significant films, from her early career in Sweden and her triumphs in Hollywood in the 1940s and 50s to her

acclaimed performances in the 1970s and 80s. Each entry provides production history, plot summaries, film highlights, and major award details. DVD and Blu-Ray availability are also provided.

Hideous Progeny Angela Smith 2012-01-24 Twisted bodies, deformed faces, aberrant behavior, and abnormal desires characterized the hideous creatures of classic Hollywood horror, which thrilled audiences with their sheer grotesqueness. Most critics have interpreted these traits as symptoms of sexual repression or as metaphors for other kinds of marginalized identities, yet Angela M. Smith conducts a richer investigation into the period's social and cultural preoccupations. She finds instead a fascination with eugenics and physical and cognitive debility in the narrative and spectacle of classic 1930s horror, heightened by the viewer's desire for visions of

vulnerability and transformation. Reading such films as *Dracula* (1931), *Frankenstein* (1931), *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* (1931), *Freaks* (1932), and *Mad Love* (1935) against early-twentieth-century disability discourse and propaganda on racial and biological purity, Smith showcases classic horror's dependence on the narratives of eugenics and physiognomics. She also notes the genre's conflicted and often contradictory visualizations. Smith ultimately locates an indictment of biological determinism in filmmakers' visceral treatments, which take the impossibility of racial improvement and bodily perfection to sensationalistic heights. Playing up the artifice and conventions of disabled monsters, filmmakers exploited the fears and yearnings of their audience, accentuating both the perversity of the medical and scientific gaze and the

debilitating experience of watching horror. Classic horror films therefore encourage empathy with the disabled monster, offering captive viewers an unsettling encounter with their own impairment. Smith's work profoundly advances cinema and disability studies, in addition to general histories concerning the construction of social and political attitudes toward the Other.

25 Best Films of Lana

Turner Abby Books

2016-07-20 Presenting the 25 Best Films of Lana Turner: A Movie Poster Mini-Book... A collection of vintage posters and poster art from the top 25 films of glamour star Lana Turner, best known for her films, *The Postman Always Rings Twice* (1946), *The Bad and the Beautiful* (1952) and *Peyton Place* (1957) and for her "Sweater Girl" films which were favorite pinups of World War II GIs.

Included in this mini-book are full-sized posters and

poster art on 8 x 10 pages presented in descending order, based on their IMDb (Internet Movie Database) Rating. Films included are: *A Life of Her Own* (1950), *Bachelor in Paradise* (1961), *Cass Timberlane* (1947), *Dancing Co-Ed* (1939), *Diane* (1956), *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* (1941), *Dramatic School* (1938), *Flame and the Flesh* (1954), *Green Dolphin Street* (1947), *Homecoming* (1948), *Honky Tonk* (1941), *Imitation of Life* (1959), *Johnny Eager* (1941), *Keep Your Powder Dry* (1945), *Madame X* (1966), *Peyton Place* (1957), *Portrait in Black* (1960), *Slightly Dangerous* (1943), *The Bad and the Beautiful* (1952), *The Postman Always Rings Twice* (1946), *The Sea Chase* (1955), *The Three Musketeers* (1948), *These Glamour Girls* (1939), *Week-End at the Waldorf* (1945) and *Ziegfeld Girl* (1941). During a 43-year career, beginning in 1937, Turner made more than 50 films. As the story goes, she

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was "discovered" while sipping a Coke at Los Angeles cafe a diner counter. By the early 1940s, she was a leading actress, appearing in Johnny Eager (1941), Honky Tonk (1941), Ziegfeld Girl (1941), and Somewhere I'll Find You (1942). Through the 1950s her popularity continued, with her role in Peyton Place (1957) earning her a nomination for an Academy Award for Best Actress. (Note: Several films in Turner's original IMDb top 25 films listing are not included in this book because her roles were either small, uncredited or she did not receive credit on promotional posters. Films include Topper (1937), The Great Garrick (1937), Love Finds Andy Hardy (1938), Four's a Crowd (1938) and DuBarry Was a Lady (1943). 30 Pages/Full Color on White Paper

Spencer Tracy James Curtis 2011 A major portrait of the revered screen actor, written with the cooperation

of his daughter, draws on personal records to cover his family life, his battle with alcoholism, and his long-time affair with Katharine Hepburn. *Boom and Bust* Thomas Schatz 1999-11-23 On the history of motion pictures [Star Attractions](#) Tamar Jeffers McDonald 2019-12-15 During Hollywood's "classic era," from the 1920s to 1950s, roughly twenty major fan magazines were offered each month at American newsstands and abroad. These publications famously fed fan obsessions with celebrities such as Mae West and Elvis Presley. Film studies scholars often regard these magazines with suspicion; perhaps due to their reputation for purveying scandal and gossip, their frequent mingling of gushing tone, and blatant falsehood. Looking at these magazines with fresh regarding eyes and treating them as primary sources, the

contributors of this collection provide unique insights into contemporary assumptions about the relationship between fan and star, performer and viewer. In doing so, they reveal the magazines to be a huge and largely untapped resource on a wealth of subjects, including gender roles, appearance and behavior, and national identity.

Contributors: Emily Chow-Kambitsch, Alissa Clarke, Jonathan Driskell, Lucy Fischer, Ann-Marie Fleming, Oana-Maria Mazilu, Adrienne L. McLean, Sarah Polley, Geneviève Sellier, Michael Williams

Educational Institutions in Horror Film A. Grunzke 2015-04-01 An exploration of how educational institutions have been portrayed in horror film, this book examines the way that scary movies have dealt with the issue of school violence, focusing on movies set in high schools, colleges,

and summer camps.

Angels and Ministers of Grace Defend Us! Gregory William Mank 2022-05-24

Like a lovingly guided midnight tour, this book covers the seductive shadows of the most fascinating horror films and melodramas from the 1930s and 1940s. From the bloody censorship battles behind 1935's *Bride of Frankenstein*, to the sexual controversies of 1941's *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde* and the gruesome Nazi atrocities of 1943's *Women in Bondage*, this book delves into newly excavated research to tell the behind-the-scenes sagas of some of Hollywood's most frightening films. Peek behind the scenes, revel in on-the-set anecdotes and get a look at the script notes illuminating characters like *WereWolf of London*, *Richard III*, *Panther Woman* and *Rasputin*. Included are profiles of the performers and filmmakers who made the nightmares feel all too

real in the darkened theaters of yesteryear, and an examination of the factors that have kept these films popular so many decades later.

Gutter Auteur Rob Craig 2012-11-29 "Working virtually alone, on infinitesimal budgets, Milligan crafted some unique melodramas of the 1960s and 1970s. Using costumes sewn by the filmmaker, Milligan's gritty, bizarre films come across as the random cin ema v erit e of a lunatic with a homemovie camera. Evident throughout are deconstruction of the heterosexual paradigm, and the family as breeder of dysfunction"--Provided by publisher.

Double Lives: Film Composers in the Concert Hall James Wierzbicki 2019-02-21 Double Lives: Film Composers in the Concert Hall is a collection of fifteen essays dealing with 'iconic' film composers who, perhaps to the

surprise of many fans of film music, nevertheless maintained lifelong careers as composers for the concert hall. Featured composers include Erich Wolfgang Korngold, Franz Waxman, Mikl s R zsa, Bernard Herrmann, Nino Rota, Leonard Rosenman, and Ennio Morricone.

Progressing in chronological order, the chapters offer accounts of the various composers' concert-hall careers and descriptions of their concert-hall styles. Each chapter compares the composer's music for films with his or her music for the concert hall, and speculates as to how music in one arena might have affected music in the other. For each composer discussed in the book, complete filmographies and complete works lists are included as appendices. Double Lives: Film Composers in the Concert Hall is accessible for scholars, researchers, and general readers with an

interest in film music and concert music.

Joyce: Feminism / Post / Colonialism 2021-11-15

James Joyce is located between, and constructed within, two worlds: the national and international, the political and cultural systems of colonialism and postcolonialism. Joyce's political project is to construct a postcolonial contra-modernity: to write the incommensurable differences of colonial, postcolonial, and gendered subjectivities, and, in doing so, to reorient the axis of power and knowledge. What Joyce dramatizes in his hybrid writing is the political and cultural remainder of imperial history or patriarchal canons: a remainder that

resists assimilation into the totalizing narratives of modernity. Through this remainder - of both politics and the psyche - Joyce reveals how a minority culture can construct political and personal agency. *Joyce: Feminism / Post / Colonialism*, edited by Ellen Carol Jones, bears witness to the construction of that agency, tracing the inscription of the racial and sexual other in colonial, nationalist, and postnational representations, deciphering the history of the possible. Contributors are Gregory Castle, Gerald Doherty, Enda Duffy, James Fairhall, Peter Hitchcock, Ellen Carol Jones, Ranjana Khanna, Patrick McGee, Marilyn Reizbaum, Susan de Sola Rodstein, Carol Shloss, and David Spurr.